Active Defense 2012

Davi Ottenheimer flyingpenguin



Agenda

- Introduction / Background
- Theory
- Application





Active Defense

INTRODUCTION



Who Are We?

Davi Ottenheimer

Phil and History of International Intervention (Conflict Ethics)

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@daviottenheimer

- 18 Years Information Security
- Barclays, ArcSight, Yahoo!
- MSc London School of Economics

David Willson

Licensed Attorney
Defense/Conflict Law

david@titaninfosec.com

@titaninfosec

- 20 years U.S. Army (cyberspace ops, defense and exploit; international, operational and criminal law)
- NSA legal advisor to CYBERCOM and Army Space Command





Who Are We?

Davi Ottenheimer and Matthew Wallace

Securing the Virtual Environment: How to **Defend** the Enterprise Against Attack (Includes Bonus DVD) Wiley, May 2012





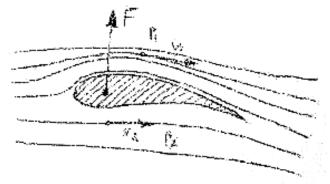
flyingpenguin

flying \fly"ing\, a. [From fly, v. i.]

moving with, or as with, wings; moving lightly
or rapidly; intended for rapid movement

penguin \pen"guin\, n.

short-legged flightless birds of cold southern especially Antarctic regions having webbed feet and wings modified for water







Active Defense

BACKGROUND



Critiques of Active Defense

Authority

- Law-Free Zones
- Disobedience leads to...Anarchy!
- Capability leads to...Chaos!

Attribution, Proxies and Liability

- Shared or Dual-Use
- Letters of Marque

Definition

- Necessity
- Proportionality
- Force (Logical Methods)



"Threat Innovation"



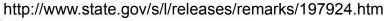


Innovation and Conflict Law

...one relevant body of law – international humanitarian law, or the law of armed conflict – affirmatively anticipates technological innovation...

Harold Hongju Koh

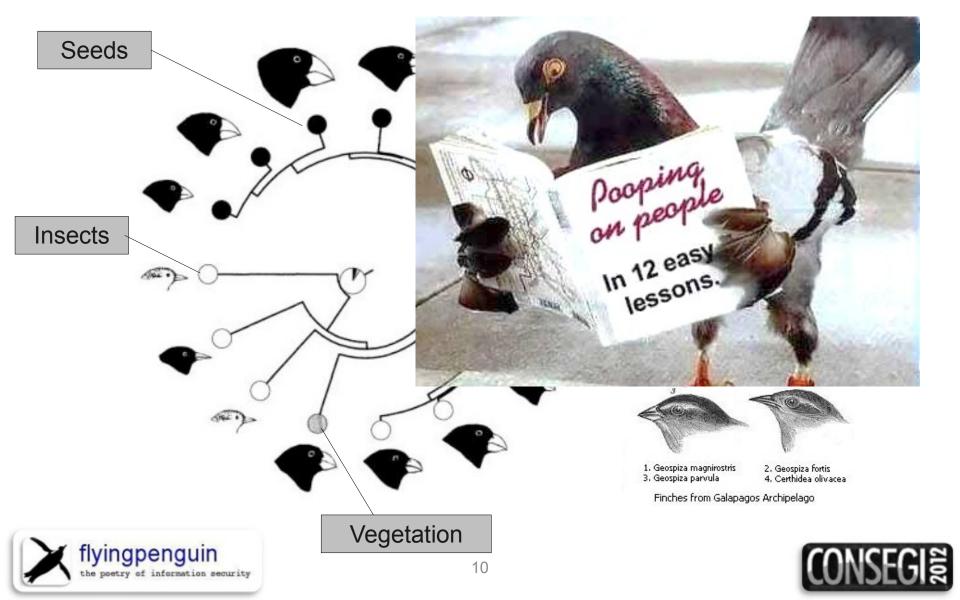
Legal Advisor, U.S. Department of State USCYBERCOM Inter-Agency Legal Conference September 18, 2012



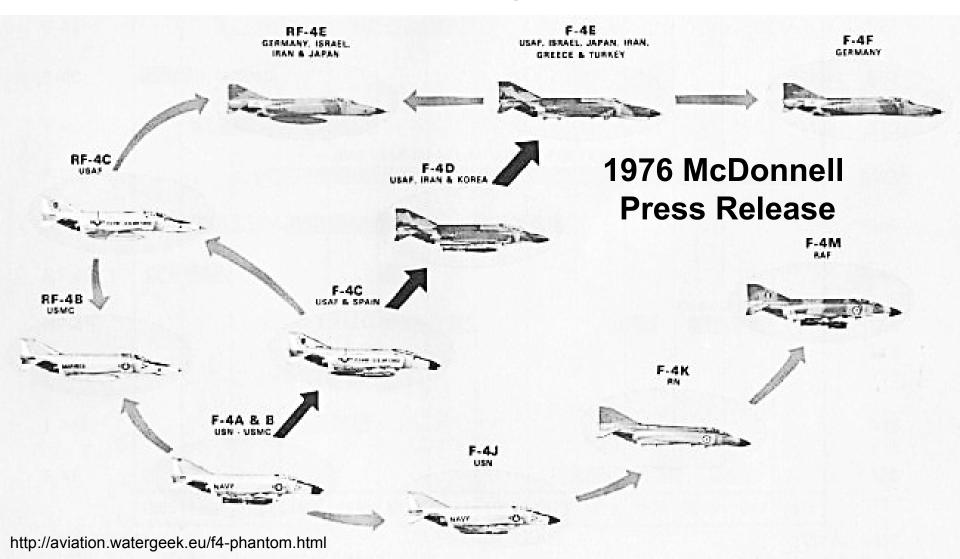




"...anticipates technological innovation..."



Defense Technological Innovation









http://osulibrary.oregonstate.edu/specialcollections/omeka/items/show/1536







2012



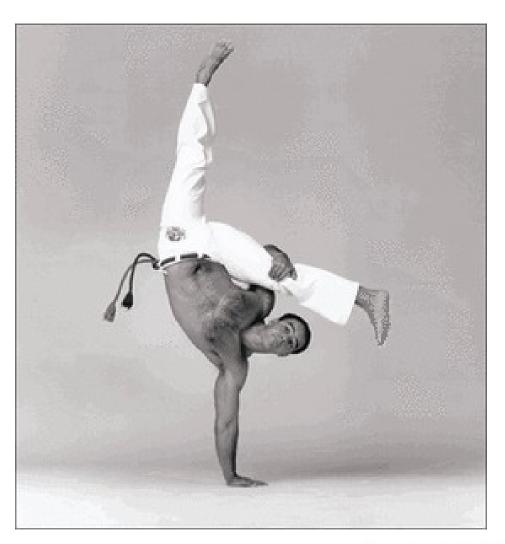
Attacked!





...or Actively Defend

"...limited offensive action and counterattacks to deny a contested area or position to the enemy..."



http://usacac.army.mil/cac2/call/thesaurus/toc.asp?id=1044



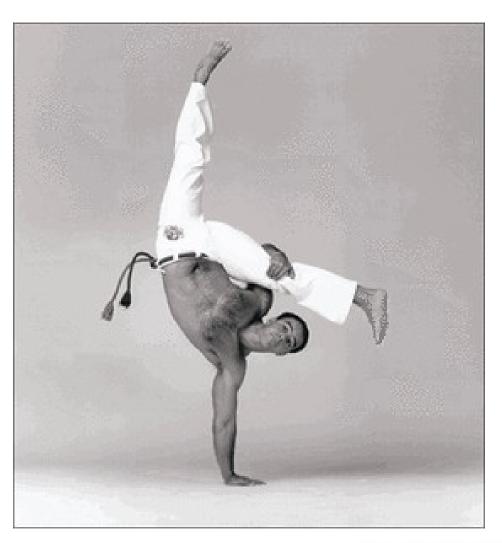


...or Actively Defend

limited counterattacks to

BLOCK

harm "outside"



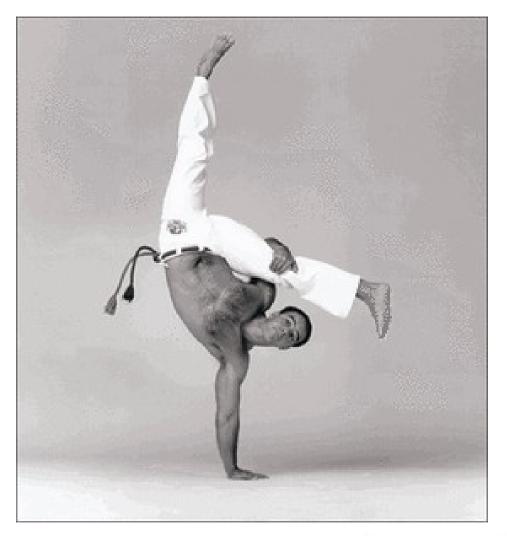




...or Actively Defend

Is it

- 1) Necessary?
- 2) Effective?
- 3) Safe?
- 4) Legal?







Active Defense

THEORY

- 1) Necessary?
- 2) Effective?
- 3) Safe?
- 4) Legal?



"Hackers are stepping up the intensity of their attacks, moving from 'disruption' to 'destruction' of key computer systems."

> General Keith Alexander NSA Dir and Comdr of US Cyber Command



MEECES (Motives)

- Money
- Entertainment
- Ego
- Cause
- Social Group Entrance
- Status



"Gosto de levar vantagem em tudo, certo?"

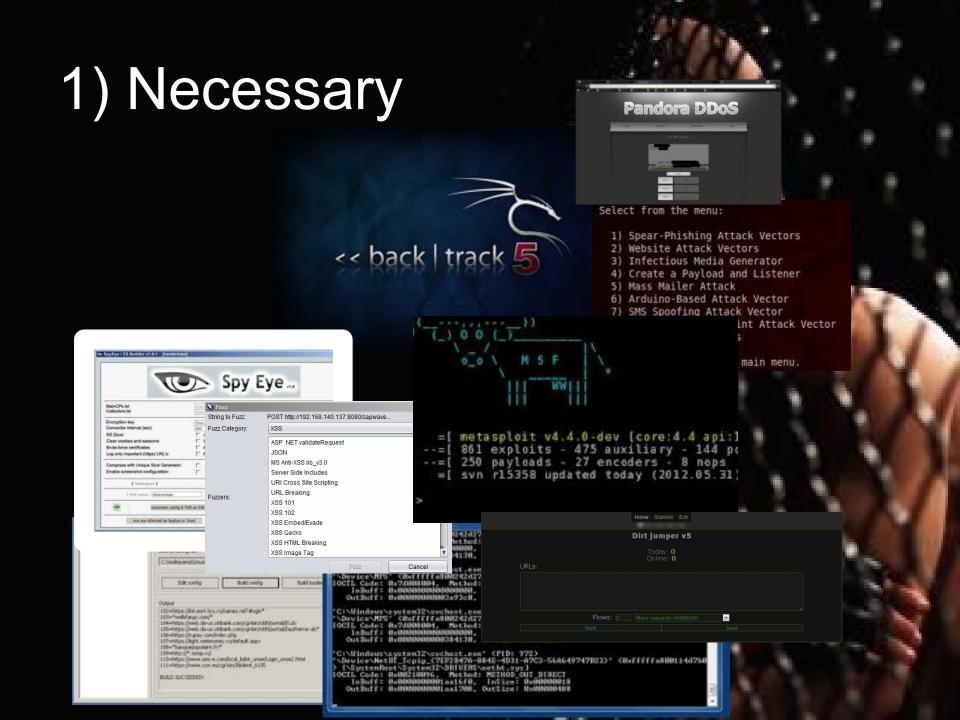
Lei de Gérson

http://youtu.be/J6brObB-3Ow

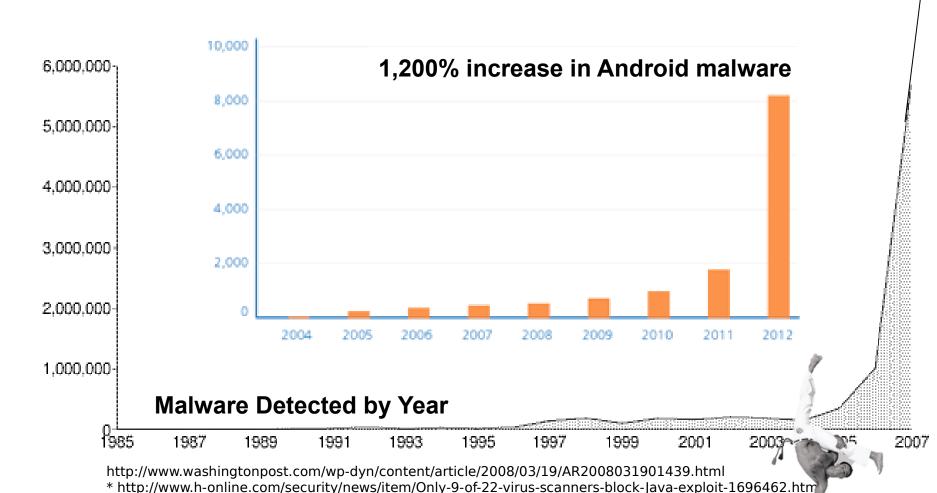








"Only 9 of the 22 tested products managed to *block* both variants of the exploit" (31 August 2012) *





http://www.scmagazine.com/report-finds-1200-percent-boom-in-android-malware/article/242542/

Higher Likelihood

Higher Severity

And...current
 BLOCKS are
 insufficient

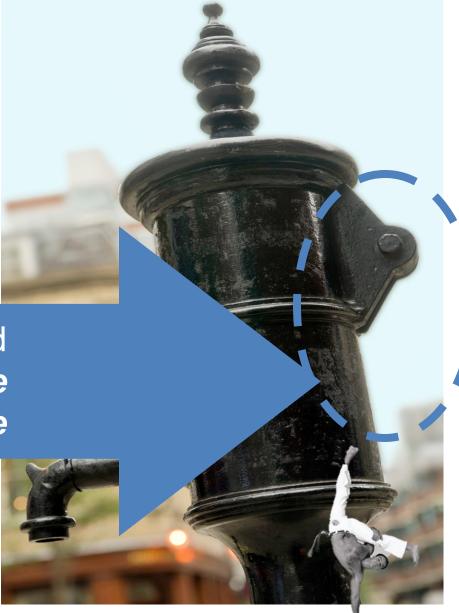


2) Effective

Germ Theory

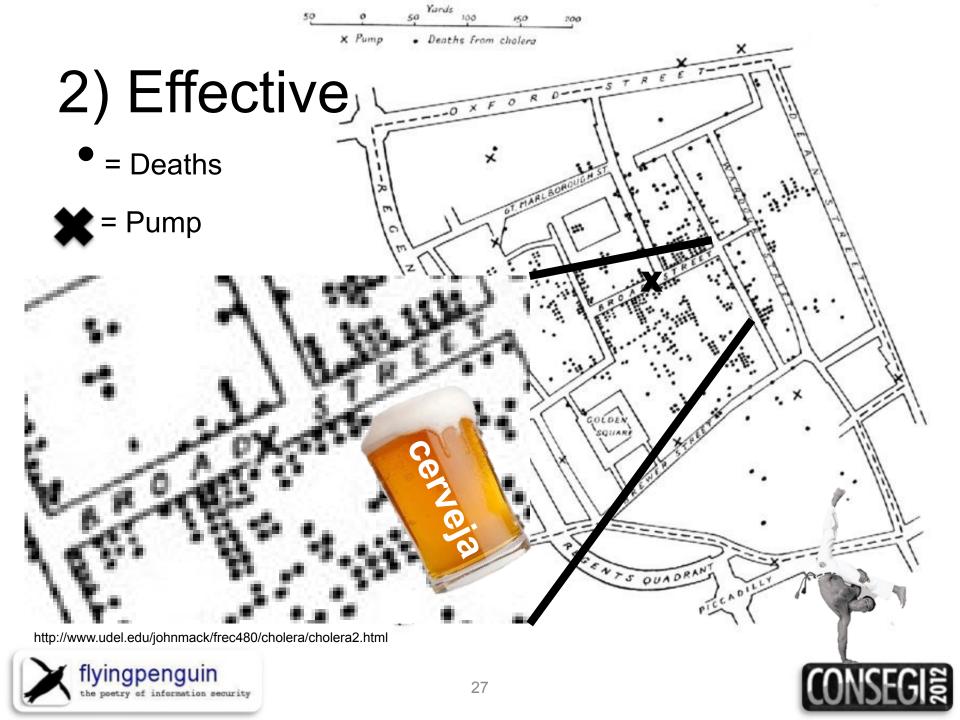
- 1854 Cholera Epidemic
- Dr. Snow "Ghost map

Authorities were convinced by Snow's map to remove pump handle

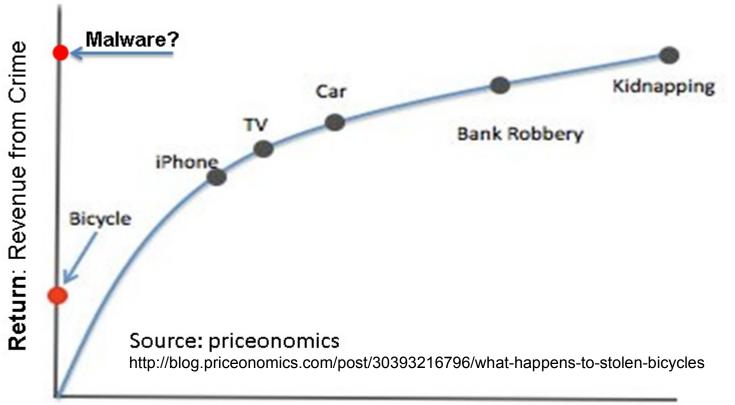








2) Effective (Risk Return *Tradeoff*)



Risk to Criminal

Probability adjusted consequences of getting caught





2) Effective

of While the police may not penalize bicycle thieves, it's becoming easier for the person whose bike was stolen to investigate the bike theft themselves.



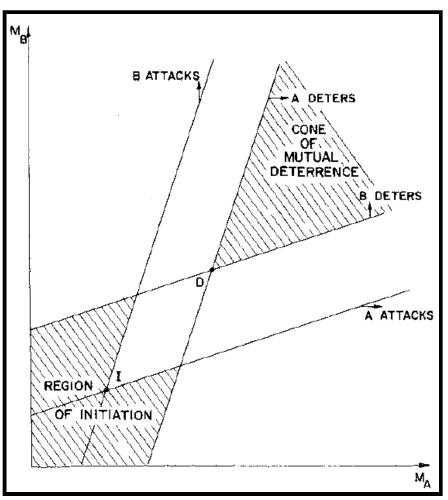
...harder for the amateur thief to casually flip a stolen bike.

http://blog.priceonomics.com/post/30393216796/what-happens-to-stolen-bicycles





2) Effective (Intriligator-Brito)



Defensive Capabilities

- Block Attackers
- Damage Attackers
- Speed of Defense
- Time to Discovery
- Time to Retaliation

Thresholds

- Minimum unacceptable damage, estimated by attacker
- Maximum acceptable casualties of retaliation

http://www.cas.buffalo.edu/classes/psc/fczagare/PSC%20504/Intriligator.pdf







3) Safe?

Consequence

- Proportionality
- Expansion to Bystanders (mis-target)
- Escalation or Conflagration
- Reputational Loss
- Weakened Alliances
- Lawsuit
- Regulatory Violation



Probability



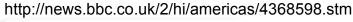
3) Safe?

2005 Arms Referendum

Brazil has 17 million guns:
 1 death every 15 minutes

 "Sixty-four percent of those who voted rejected the proposed ban"









Beckford v R (1988) 1 AC 130

A defendant is entitled to use reasonable force to protect himself, others for whom he is responsible and his property. It **must be** reasonable.

R v Owino (1996) 2 Cr. App. R. 128 at 134

A person may use such force as is [objectively] reasonable in the circumstances as he [subjectively] believes them to be.

4) Legal?

Imminent Danger

Immediate Defense Believed Necessary (to Prevent That Danger)

No More Action Than Necessary (to Defend Against That Danger)





- Who has the job of defense?
- Who defines what is reasonable?
- Can a higher authority defend you?

If No: are you responsible to defend yourself?

If Yes: what level and by which laws do you abide?





- What jurisdiction are you in?
- What jurisdiction(s) will you operate in?
- What tools do you plan to use?
- How do you plan to use them?
- What impact is anticipated to you?
- What impact is anticipated to others? (Retribution, Bystanders, Reputation)



"devassar dispositivo informático alheio"

- 2008 Brazil Senate Cybercrime Law Delayed
- 2009 President "Freedom to Cook" Speech
- 2012 Chamber of Deputies Laws Approved
 - 1) Lei Azeredo (Intro 1999, Revised 2008) LE agencies to create special cybercrime units
 - 2) Lei Dieckmann; Illegal to...
 - Violate security controls
 - Create vulnerabilities
 - Unauthorized edit, obtain or delete information

http://f.i.bol.com.br/2012/05/04/supostas-fotos-intimas-de-carolina-dieckmann-caem-na-rede-1 http://ethevaldo.com.br/noticia/aprovada-a-definicao-de-crimes/ https://www.eff.org/issues/cybercrime/president-brazil-2009 http://www.article19.org/resources.php/resource/2946/en/brazil:-draft-cybercrimes-law







International Considerations

- U.S. Computer Fraud and Abuse Act (CFAA)
- U.S. State Computer Trespass Laws
- U.S. Electronic Espionage Law
- U.S. Stored Communications Act
- U.S. Privacy Laws











International Considerations

UK Computer Misuse Act

Section 1 – unauthorized access to computer material

Section 2 – unauthorized access with intent

Section 3 – unauthorized modification (add/del) w/ intent

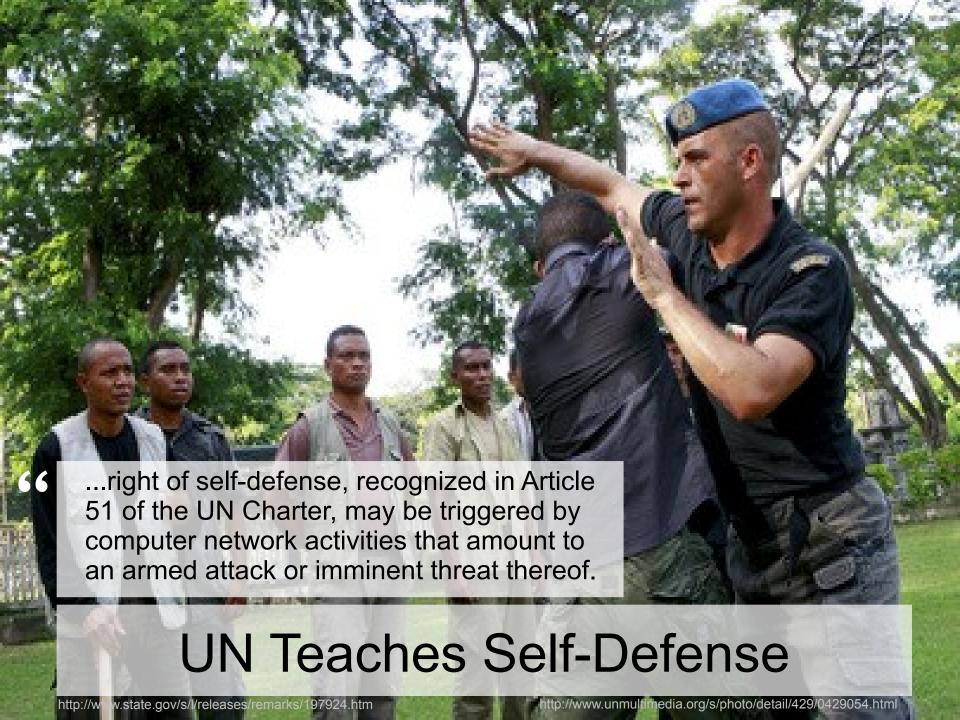
Budapest Convention
 Cyber Crime - CETS 185

UN Convention

Against Transnational Organized Crime







UN Engages in Active Defense



...within the meaning of Article 2(4) of the UN Charter and customary international law.... Cyber activities that proximately result in death, injury, or significant destruction would likely be viewed as a use of force.

Active Defense

APPLICATION



CyberFall: Active Defense Plan

Monitor Attacks (Study, Train, Kits and Tools)

66

[Koobface] gang's success was more attributable to workaday persistence and willingness to adapt than technical sophistication

Alarm on MEECES (i.e. Group, Wealth, Asset)

Engage Proportionally Based on Data



http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/techreports/UCAM-CL-TR-746.pdf http://www.nytimes.com/2012/01/17/technology/koobface-gang-that-used-facebook-to-spread-worm-operates-in-the-open.html?_r=1



CyberFall: Active Defense Plan

- 1) Assessment
 - A) Internal
 - B) External
- 2) Calculation
- 3) Action





1 – A) Internal Assessment

- Evidence
 - Imminence
 - Danger/Persistence
- State of Your Own Capabilities





1 – B) External Assessment

- Reconnaissance
 - Attack Tools
 - Attack Connections
 - Attack Links and Relationships
- Intelligence
 - Attacker Vulnerabilities
 - Attacker Assets





2 – Calculation

- Nature (Motive) of the Attack
- Threat: Imminence and Danger

| Commitment | | | | Resources | | |
|------------|-----------|---------|--------|-----------|---------|-------------|
| Level | Intensity | Stealth | Time | Power | Ability | Opportunity |
| 3 | Н | Н | Long | Organized | Н | Н |
| 2 | М | M | Varied | Grouped | M | М |
| 1 | L | L | Short | Isolated | L | L |

- Terms: Jurisdiction and Restrictions
- Cost: Liabilities versus Benefits





3 - Action

Plan

| Commitment | | | | Resources | | |
|------------|-----------|---------|--------|-----------|---------|-------------|
| Level | Intensity | Stealth | Time | Power | Ability | Opportunity |
| 3 | Н | Н | Long | Organized | Н | Н |
| 2 | M | М | Varied | Grouped | M | М |
| 1 | L | L | Short | Isolated | L | L |

Tool and Procedure Development

- 1) Survey
- 2) Access
- 3) Dump
- 4) Actively Defend





Example #1: DDoS TakeDown

- 1) Trace Attacks (Three Degrees)
- 2) Map Services and Vulnerabilities (Dirt Jumper)
- 3) SQL Injection and Dump Config (sqlmap)

```
./sqlmap.py --level=5 --risk=3 -u
http://www.evilsite.com/dj5/ -p k --data="k="
--technique=t --dbms=mysql
--fileread="/var/www/html/evilsite.com/djv5/config.php"
```

4) Command and Control

http://arstechnica.com/security/2012/08/ddos-take-down-manual/http://www.prolexic.com/knowledge-center-ddos-threat-advisory-pandora-and-vulnerability-disclosure-dirt-jumper/banners.html





Example #2 – Project MARS

- Trace Attacks
 (Elirks via Plurk, Nitol)
- 2) Sinkhole Communications
- 3) Reverse/Tag Infections
- 4) Shutdown C&C



...16 days...able to block more than 609 million connections from over 7,650,000 unique IP addresses to those malicious 3322.org subdomains.

http://www.secureworks.com/research/threats/chasing_apt/ http://blogs.technet.com/cfs-file.ashx/__key/communityserver-blogs-components-weblogfiles/00-00-80-54/3755.Microsoft-Study-into-b70.pdf http://blogs.technet.com/b/microsoft_blog/archive/2012/10/02/microsoft-reaches-settlement-with-defendants-in-nitol-case.aspx



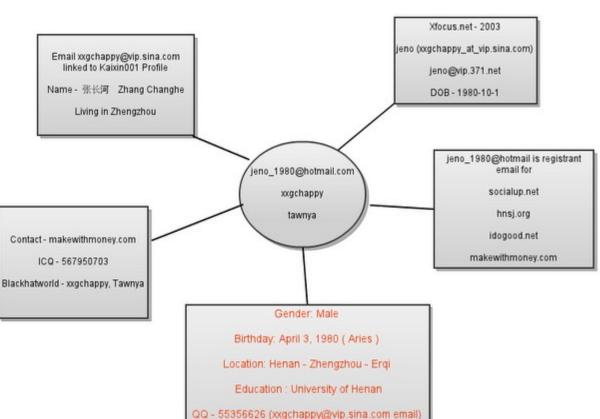


Example #3 – Wykcores Trojan Horse

- 1) Trace Attacks
- 2) Profile IDs
- 3) Dump (QQ#)

4) ??





Phone - 13513899779 (hnsj.org)

Car License plate 2005- Henan ADB922

http://www.secureworks.com/cyber-threat-intelligence/threats/htran/http://cyb3rsleuth.blogspot.com/2011/08/chinese-threat-actor-identified.html http://cyb3rsleuth.blogspot.com/2012/03/chinese-threat-actor-part-3.html





2009 Kaspersky review .br Bank Trojan Horses

- Motive: Low income population drawn into crime
- Means: Delphi (not taught in University)
- Opportunity: 1/3 (70m) of Brazil online. eBanking:
 - 7.9mil Banco do Brasil
 - 6.9mil Bradesco
 - 4.3mil Itau



...banks wish to avoid public investigation of such thefts.



In order to **protect their reputation**, banks prefer to compensate customers for losses incurred by infection with malicious code...

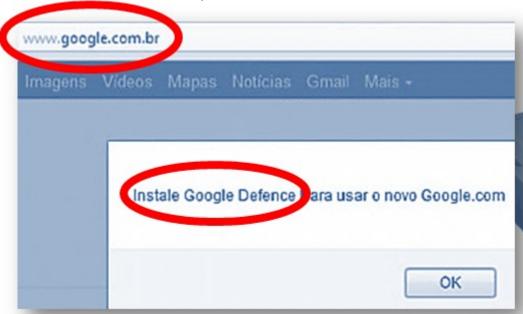
http://www.securelist.com/en/analysis/204792084/Brazil_a_country_rich_in_banking_Trojans





2012 Kaspersky review .br 4.5mil ADSL CSRF

```
<form action=http://192.168.1.1/password.cgi;
method="POST" name="form">
<input type="hidden" name="sysPassword"
value="newpassword">
```



"...all of them in sunny, beautiful Brazil"

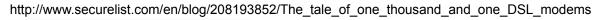
http://www.securelist.com/en/blog/208193852/The_tale_of_one_thousand_and_one_DSL_modems



2012 Kaspersky review .br 4.5mil ADSL CSRF

- Motive: Steal banking credentials
- Means: Public Disclosure 2011-03-04
 Comtrend ADSL Router CT-5367 C01_R12 Remote Root*
 - dispara.sh: if [\$ativos –le \$simultaneos];
 - roda.sh: curl \$copts http://\$ip_completo/password.cgi...dnscfg.cgi
 - echo \$ip_completo >> modem-owned.log
- Opportunity: any public IP address
 5 of 6 known vulnerable routers sold/used
 by Brazil National Telecom Agency









- 1) Who Will Trace Attacks?
- 2) Who Will Profile IDs?
- 3) Who Will Dump Data?
- 4) Who is *Prepared* for Active Defense?
 - Technical Capabilities
 - Legal Framework with Guidelines



DETERS





- 1) Higher Likelihood
- 2) Higher Severity
- 3) And...current **BLOCKS** are insufficient

Active Defense 2012





Active Defense 2012

Davi Ottenheimer davi@flyingpenguin.com

Muito Obrigado!

CYBERFALL

